School Accountability Report Card Reported Using Data from the 2010-11 School Year Published During 2011-12

Every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC), by February 1 of each year. The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school.

- For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/.
- For additional information about the school, parents and community members should contact the school principal or the district office.

I. Data and Access

EdData Partnership Web Site

EdData is a partnership of the CDE, EdSource, and the Fiscal Crisis Management and Assistance Team (FCMAT) that provides extensive financial, demographic, and performance information about California's public kindergarten through grade twelve school districts and schools.

DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest webpage at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., state Academic Performance Index [API], federal Adequate Yearly Progress [AYP]), test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners.

Internet Access

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible. Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions may include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

II. About This School

Contact Information (School Year 2011-12)

School		District		
School Name	Bidwell Junior High School	District Name Chico Unified School District		
Street	2376 North Avenue	Phone Number	(530) 891-3000 ex. 149	
City, State, Zip	Chico, CA 95926	Web Site	www.chicousd.org	
Phone Number	(530) 891-3080	Superintendent	Kelly Staley	
Principal	Judi Roth	E-mail Address	kstaley@chicousd.org	
E-mail Address	jroth@chicousd.org	CDS Code	04-61424-6057129	

School Description and Mission Statement (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school, its programs and its goals.

Bidwell Junior High School is a comprehensive junior high school serving students in grades 7-8. Bidwell is located on the east side of Chico and serves students from Shasta, John McManus, Marigold and Neal Dow elementary schools. The curriculum is standards-based and pedagogy meets the diverse needs of all students from those with identified learning disabilities, English language learners, to the gifted and talented. Approximately eighty-five percent of the student body would consider themselves "college bound." The Bidwell Junior High School mission statement is "EXTRAORDINARY EDUCATION EMPOWERS EVERYONE".

Opportunities for Parental Involvement (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information on how parents can become involved in school activities, including contact information pertaining to organized opportunities for parent involvement.

Parent and community involvement is an ongoing focus for Bidwell Junior. Bidwell has an active School Site Council, Parent-Teacher Association (PTA), English Learners Advisory council (ELAC), club sports program, and a Foundation made up of community members who, at one time, worked as teachers at Bidwell. Parents are encouraged to participate in the Parent Portal program, which allows parents to follow their students' progress on-line; currently about 2/3 of Bidwell's parents access their students grades on line. Teachers and administration contact parents to discuss successes and failures academically and behaviorally to develop strategies in tandem for the benefit of the students. Additionally, Bidwell has an up to date webpage that contains information regarding programs offered. Through the use of an automatic dialer / messenger system, parents are contacted daily regarding their students' attendance and the system is also used for school information items. Monthly, a school newsletter is produced with articles from a variety of authors about school events and activities. This newsletter is posted online and sent home to parents via their students. A dialer message is sent to remind parents to ask students for the newsletter. Parents who wish to become active partners at Bidwell may call the main office for more specific information.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level (School Year 2010-11)

Grade Level	Number of Students
Grade 7	343
Grade 8	323
Total Enrollment	666

Student Enrollment by Group (School Year 2010-11)

Group	Percent of Total Enrollment	Group	Percent of Total Enrollment
Black or African American	2.7	White	67.3
American Indian or Alaska Native	2.1	Two or More Races	0.2
Asian	6.3	Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	49.5
Filipino	1.2	English Learners	10.2
Hispanic or Latino	18.8	Students with Disabilities	11.1
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.2		

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Secondary)

2008-09		8-09		2009-10			2010-11					
Subject			Number of Classrooms		Avg.			srooms	Avg.	Number of Classrooms		
	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size 1-22	1-22	23-32	33+	Class Size	1-22	23-32	33+
English	28.9	5	10	12	27	5	12	8	30.3	3	6	11
Mathematics	32	1	8	12	30.2	1	12	7	28.7	4	2	12
Science	34	0	5	16	32.1	0	12	8	32.9	1	5	14
Social Science	33.7	0	6	16	31.9	0	13	7	33.9	0	6	12

^{*} Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area rather than grade level.

III. School Climate

School Safety Plan (School Year 2010-11)

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan, including the dates on which the safety plan was last reviewed, updated, and discussed with faculty; as well as a brief description of the key elements of the plan.

The School Safety plan is updated annually in accordance with state law. The key elements of the plan include traumatic incidents, imminent danger procedure, evacuation/relocation procedure, civil defense/disorder, bomb threat/bomb emergency, earthquake, chemical spill, crime in progress, and fire/explosion. Drills are practiced quarterly. The staff participates in emergency scenarios in order to maintain decision-making and communication procedures for a given emergency. Students are also instructed and drills are conducted with regard to the State required earthquake and fire procedures.

Suspensions and Expulsions

Poto		School			District		
Rate	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	
Suspensions	5.13	7.57	5.40	6.92	10.03	8.95	
Expulsions	0.79	0.73	0.60	0.77	0.73	0.59	

The rate of suspensions and expulsions is calculated by dividing the total number of incidents by the total enrollment (and multiplying by 100).

IV. School Facilities

School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- · Description of the safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of the school facility
- · Description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements
- The year and month in which the data were collected
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair

Year and month in which data were collected: 2011, October

Bidwell Junior High was constructed in 1958. Additional classrooms and a gymnasium were added in the 1966-67 school year. The exterior of the school was painted in 2006. The interior of the gym was painted in 1998 and again in 2006. The school has 40 classrooms, a multipurpose room, a cafeteria, a library, a greenhouse, a gym with locker rooms and an administration building. It sits on a 19.2-acre campus that includes grass playing fields and blacktopped-surfaced basketball and activity courts.

Bidwell completed the process of remodeling as a result of the school bond passing in 1998. Reconstruction work began in May of 2004 and continued through November 2006. All the classrooms were updated with flooring, paint and wall coverings. The locker rooms are remodeled with new showers, lockers, and restrooms installed. Electrical outlets and data ports have been installed in each classroom and throughout the campus to allow increased capacity for computer use and Internet access. The vast majority of the classrooms have Smart Boards to be used by the teachers in the presentation of their lessons.

In 2010 three surveillance cameras were installed in areas of security concern. These cameras monitor and record activity and can be referred to as needed. Also, a video projection system was installed in the gym. The system consists of an LCD projector, a drop down screen, a DVD/CD player, and a PA system.

Bidwell Junior High School administration, teachers, and campus supervisors actively supervise students before and after school as well as during the lunch break and between classes. Campus supervision duty begins before school at 7:00 a.m. and extends after school until 4:15 p.m. In addition, a before and after school program, BLAST, is offered free of charge to students. It opens at 6:30 a.m. and closes at 6:00 p.m. Campus supervisors, administrators, and teachers walk around campus, stand at bus stops and crosswalks and monitor student arrivals and departures.

Visitors are required to sign-in at the office and receive a name tag before entering the campus. Campus supervisors, administrators and teachers support this requirement by speaking to any adult seen on the campus not displaying a name tag.

Custodians and administrators identify long-term maintenance needs and determine when to schedule necessary repairs. Work identified as a major repair is handled through a district work-order process. Site custodians do minor repairs and maintenance such as painting and furniture upkeep. Emergency repairs are given highest priority. The administrators work with the custodial staff to develop a cleaning schedule to ensure a clean and safe school.

School Facility Good Repair Status (School Year 2011-12)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- · Determination of repair status for systems listed
- · Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The Overall Rating (bottom row)

Overteen browner of	Repair Status				Repair Needed and	
System Inspected	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor	Action Taken or Planned	
Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
Interior: Interior Surfaces	[]	[X]	[]	[]	902 missing wall tiles - WO#47186 Replace missing wall tiles	
Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/ Vermin Infestation	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
Electrical: Electrical	[]	[X]	[]	[]	Gym: Emergency lights not working - WO#47208 Repair or replace light fixture	
Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/ Fountains	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/ Doors/Gates/Fences	[X]	[]	[]	[]		
Overall Rating	[]	[X]	[]	[]		

V. Teachers

Teacher Credentials

Tanahara		District		
Teachers	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2010-11
With Full Credential	32	33	31	560
Without Full Credential	0	0	0	0
Teaching Outside Subject Area of Competence	0	0	0	

Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

Indicator	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	1	0	1
Total Teacher Misassignments	1	0	1
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	0

^{* &}quot;Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

[&]quot;Vacant Teacher Positions" refer to positions not filled by a single designated teacher assigned to teach the entire course at the beginning of the school year or semester.

Core Academic Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers (School Year 2010-11)

The Federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), also known as No Child Left Behind (NCLB), requires that core academic subjects be taught by Highly Qualified Teachers, defined as having at least a bachelor's degree, an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated core academic subject area competence. For more information, see the CDE *Improving Teacher*

and Principal Quality webpage at: http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/

Location of Classes	Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects Taught by				
Location of Classes	NCLB Compliant Teachers	Non-NCLB Compliant Teachers			
This School	100	0			
All Schools in District	99.43	0.57			
High-Poverty Schools in District	100	0			
Low-Poverty Schools in District	100	0			

^{*} High-poverty schools are defined as those schools with student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low-poverty schools are those with student eligibility of approximately 25 percent or less in the free and reduced price meals program.

VI. Support Staff

Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff (School Year 2010-11)

Title	Number of FTE Assigned to School	Average Number of Students per Academic Counselor
Academic Counselor	2	
Counselor (Social/Behavioral or Career Development)		
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)	0.3	
Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional)		
Psychologist	0.64	
Social Worker		
Nurse	0.2	
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist	0.5	
Resource Specialist (non-teaching)		
Other		

^{*} One Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full-time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full-time.

VII. Curriculum and Instructional Materials

Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (School Year 2011-12)

This section describes whether the textbooks and instructional materials used at the school are from the most recent adoption; whether there are sufficient textbooks and instruction materials for each student; and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or non-adopted textbooks or instructional materials.

Year and month in which data were collected: October 2011

Updated and readily available resources are important if students are to perform at their best in class. The State of California adopts textbooks that meet quality standards established by the State Board of Education. The Chico Unified School District selects textbooks and other instructional materials from these state adoptions. All of the textbooks currently in use meet these standards. They were selected to match the needs of Chico students by a Task Force comprised of teachers and administrators and approved by the Board of Education. The CUSD convenes curricular task forces to review textbooks in core subject areas on the Kindergarten through 8th grade state adopted list concurrent with the adoption cycle.

Core Curriculum Area	Textbooks and Instructional Materials/ Year of Adoption	From Most Recent Adoption?	Percent of Students Lacking Own Assigned Copy
Reading/Language Arts	McDougal Littell / Language Arts - 2002	Yes	0
Mathematics	McDougal Littell / Algebra Readiness - 2009 Holt / Course 2: Pre-Algebra - 2009 CPM / Algebra - 2009 CPM / Geometry - 2009	Yes	0
Science	Prentice Hall / Focus on California Science - 2007	Yes	0
History-Social Science	Glencoe / Discovering Our Past - 2006	Yes	0
Foreign Language	Meets State Guidelines		0
Health	Meets State Guidelines		0
Visual and Performing Arts	Meets State Guidelines		

VIII. School Finances

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Level	Total Expenditures Per Pupil	Expenditures Per Pupil (Supplemental/ Restricted)	Expenditures Per Pupil (Basic/ Unrestricted)	Average Teacher Salary
School Site	\$8,223	\$3,047	\$5,176	\$62,315
District			\$5,212	\$65,393
Percent Difference: School Site and District			-0.69%	-4.71%
State			\$5,455	\$67,667
Percent Difference: School Site and State			-5.12%	-7.91%

^{*} Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money whose use is controlled by law or by a donor. Money that is designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted.

Basic/Unrestricted expenditures are from money whose use, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or by a donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: http://www.ed-data.org.

Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2010-11)

This section provides specific information about the types of programs and services available at the school that support and assists students. For example, this narrative may include information about supplemental educational services related to the school's federal Program Improvement (PI) status.

All funds are budgeted and expended following state and district accounting procedures.

Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2009-10)

Category	District Amount	State Average for Districts In Same Category
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$38,541	\$41,035
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$53,749	\$65,412
Highest Teacher Salary	\$84,597	\$84,837
Average Principal Salary (Elementary)	\$95,080	\$106,217
Average Principal Salary (Middle)	\$99,405	\$111,763
Average Principal Salary (High)	\$102,267	\$121,538
Superintendent Salary	\$166,688	\$197,275
Percent of Budget for Teacher Salaries	41%	39%
Percent of Budget for Administrative Salaries	5%	5%

^{*} For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

IX. Student Performance

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including:

- California Standards Tests (CSTs), which include English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics in grades two through eleven;
 science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science in grades eight, and nine through eleven.
- California Modified Assessment (CMA), an alternate assessment that is based on modified achievement standards in ELA for
 grades three through eleven; mathematics for grades three through seven, Algebra I, and Geometry; and science in grades five
 and eight, and Life Science in grade ten. The CMA is designed to assess those students whose disabilities preclude them from
 achieving grade-level proficiency on an assessment of the California content standards with or without accommodations.
- California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA), includes ELA and mathematics in grades two through eleven, and science
 for grades five, eight, and ten. The CAPA is given to those students with significant cognitive disabilities whose disabilities prevent
 them from taking either the CSTs with accommodations or modifications or the CMA with accommodations.

The assessments under the STAR Program show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. On each of these assessments, student scores are reported as performance levels.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at http://star.cde.ca.gov.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison

0.1114		School		District			State		
Subject	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
English-Language Arts	52	56	62	54	56	58	49	52	54
Mathematics	47	52	56	46	47	51	46	48	50
Science	64	63	65	61	64	67	50	54	57
History-Social Science	50	54	59	50	55	59	41	44	48

^{*} Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by Student Group - Most Recent Year

Standardized Testing and Reporting Results by Si	Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced					
Group	English- Language Arts	Mathematics	Science	History-Social Science		
All Students in the LEA	58	51	67	59		
All Student at the School	62	56	65	59		
Male	58	58	67	65		
Female	65	54	63	53		
Black or African American	47	65	0	0		
American Indian or Alaska Native	42	42	0	0		
Asian	57	67	68	63		
Filipino	0	0	0	0		
Hispanic or Latino	43	37	53	43		
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0		
White	68	61	70	64		
Two or More Races	0	0	0	0		
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	48	45	53	47		
English Learners	19	23	18	17		
Students with Disabilities	49	39	42	18		
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services						

^{*} Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

California Physical Fitness Test Results (School Year 2010-11)

The California Physical Fitness Test (PFT) is administered to students in grades five, seven, and nine only. This table displays by grade level the percent of students meeting the fitness standards for the most recent testing period. For detailed information regarding this test, and comparisons of a school's test results to the district and state, see the CDE PFT webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/.

Grade	Percent of Students Meeting Fitness Standards						
Level	Four of Six Standards	Five of Six Standards	Six of Six Standards				
7	12.8	29.3	46.4				

^{*} Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

X. Accountability

Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of state academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. For detailed information about the API, see the CDE API webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/.

Academic Performance Index Ranks - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools' API ranks. The **statewide API rank** ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest ten percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest ten percent of all schools in the state.

The **similar schools API rank** reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing ten schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

API Rank	2008	2009	2010
Statewide	7	6	6
Similar Schools	7	3	4

Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - Three-Year Comparison

0	Actual API Change					
Group	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11			
All Students at the School	-11	20	16			
Black or African American						
American Indian or Alaska Native						
Asian						
Filipino						
Hispanic or Latino	-26	20	-6			
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander						
White	-14	28	14			
Two or More Races	N/D					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	5	2	24			
English Learners						
Students with Disabilities						

^{* &}quot;N/D" means that no data were available to the CDE or LEA to report. "B" means the school did not have a valid API Base and there is no Growth or target information. "C" means the school had significant demographic changes and there is no Growth or target information.

Academic Performance Index Growth by Student Group - 2011 Growth API Comparison

This table displays, by student group, the number of students included in the API and the 2011 Growth API at the school, LEA, and state level.

	2011 Growth API						
Group	School		LEA		State		
	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API	# of Students	Growth API	
All Students at the School	617	811	8,725	803	4,683,676	778	
Black or African American	15	773	324	696	317,856	696	
American Indian or Alaska Native	12	731	164	743	33,774	733	
Asian	42	823	612	775	398,869	898	
Filipino	8		53	907	123,245	859	
Hispanic or Latino	117	720	1,762	730	2,406,749	729	
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	1		45	819	26,953	764	
White	412	838	5,596	835	1,258,831	845	
Two or More Races	1		23	762	76,766	836	
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	289	750	3,894	731	2,731,843	726	
English Learners	78	695	1,321	681	1,521,844	707	
Students with Disabilities	71	641	977	622	521,815	595	

Adequate Yearly Progress

The federal ESEA requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) webpage at http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

Adequate Yearly Progress Overall and by Criteria (School Year 2010-11)

AYP Criteria	School	District
Made AYP Overall	No	No
Met Participation Rate: English-Language Arts	Yes	No
Met Participation Rate: Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Met Percent Proficient: English-Language Arts	No	No
Met Percent Proficient: Mathematics	No	No
Met API Criteria	Yes	Yes
Met Graduation Rate (if applicable)	N/A	Yes

Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2011-12)

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (ELA or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations webpage: http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine.asp.

Indicator	School	District
Program Improvement Status	In PI	In PI
First Year of Program Improvement	2008-2009	2004-2005
Year in Program Improvement	Year 4	Year 3
Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		10
Percent of Schools Currently in Program Improvement		35.7

XI. Instructional Planning and Scheduling

Professional Development

This section provides information on the number of days provided for professional development and continuous professional growth in the most recent three year period. Questions that may be answered include:

- What are the primary/major areas of focus for staff development and specifically how were they selected? For example, were student achievement data used to determine the need for professional development in reading instruction?
- What are the methods by which professional development is delivered (e.g., after school workshops, conference attendance, individual mentoring, etc.)?
- How are teachers supported during implementation (e.g., through in-class coaching, teacher-principal meetings, student performance data reporting, etc.)?

Bidwell teachers meet every Wednesday from 8:00 a.m. until 9:00 a.m. to collaborate. These sessions provide time for teachers and staff to align subject area curriculum to content standards, develop common assessments, create strategies to help at risk students, and learn and implement new teaching strategies. Teachers use the four "critical questions" to provide focus to their work:

- · What do we want students to know?
- · How do we know they learned it?
- · How will we respond when students struggle?
- How do we extend the learning for students who have achieved mastery?

A continuous evaluation of assessment results and appropriate adjustments of curriculum and instruction are the basis for the collaboration and provide the foundation of Bidwell's professional development program. Staff identify and develop topics for conferences, in-service, and workshops based upon what is discovered about student achievement as a result of collaboration.